

HEALTH METRIC

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Report & Sample Dates

DATE RECEIVED: 7/26/2021
REPORT DATE: 7/27/2021

Laboratory Certification Info

NRPP ID#: 101132 AL STATE ID#: RL029 ELAP ID#: 11430 NY

RADON TEST REPORT

Jeffrey Smith 18520 Van Aken Blvd Shaker Heights, OH 44122 USA

TEST ADDRESS: 18520 Van Aken Blvd

Shaker Heights, OH 44122 USA

YOUR RADON TEST RESULTS:

RADON LEVEL: 1.6 pCi/L
TEST KIT SERIAL #: HM142123

LAB ID: 2370727

TEST FLOOR: Basement

TEST LOCATION: Laundry Room

CLOSED HOUSE: Yes

TEST TYPE: Activated Charcoal

SAMPLE TYPE: Short Term

TEST METHOD: EPA-402-R-92-004

TEST START: 10:00 PM 07/13/2021 TEST END: 10:10 PM 07/17/2021

EXPOSURE: 96.17 Hours

RADON HEALTH RISK INFORMATION:

Radon is the second leading cause of lung cancer, after smoking. The more elevated a home's radon level, the greater the health risk to you and your family. Smokers and former smokers are at especially high risk.

Radon concentration is measured in picocuries per liter of air (pCi/L). The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General strongly recommend taking further action when the home's radon test results are 4 pCi/L or greater. Even homes with very high levels can be reduced below 4 pCi/L. The EPA recommends that you use a NRPP/NRSB or state-approved contractor to correct radon problems. Radon levels less than 4 pCi/L still pose some risk and in many cases may be reduced. If the radon level in your home is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, The US Environmental Protection Agency and the Surgeon General recommend that you consider correcting the problem in your home.

QA/QC - Short Term Radon Tests have an estimated accuracy of ±5% when used according to directions.

DISCLAIMER: Test results are only indicative of the sample as received by the lab. Incorrect information or improper procedures will affect results. Alpha Energy Labs did not provide sampling services unless otherwise indicated. This measurement is not necessarily predictive or supportive of measurements conducted at different times or different locations. Alpha Energy Labs is not responsible for the consequences of any action you do or do not take based on the test results. One sampler can test up to 2,000 square feet.

CONFIDENTIALITY: This report is confidential. If you receive the report in error, please inform the lab and destroy all copies.

Measurement Specialist / Laboratory Director

Date 7/27/2021

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT WHAT YOUR RESULTS MEAN:

EPA National Hotline: (800) 557-2366, epa.gov/radon, or, call your State Radon Contact: (800) 523-4439

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS ABOUT HOW TO FIX A RADON PROBLEM:

Radon Fix-it Hotline: (800) 644-6999, epa.gov/radon, or, call your State Radon Contact: (800) 523-4439

If your test result is **below 2 pCi/L** you do not need to take further action at this time. The EPA recommends you retest every few years, and whenever you renovate the home.

If your test result is **between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L** you should consider taking further action. If this is your first test, consider testing again to confirm your initial reading. The EPA recommends that you consider fixing your home if the average of multiples tests is above 2 pCi/L. If you do not fix the home, test every 2 years to confirm your radon levels are not rising.

If your radon level is **4 pCi/L or greater** you should take further action. If this is your first test, The EPA recommends you conduct another test to confirm your initial reading. If you have tested multiple times and the average of those tests is above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home.

HOW DANGEROUS IS MY RADON LEVEL?

RADON RISK IF YOU SMOKE

If 1,000 people were exposed	The risk of radon induced	What To Do	
to this level over a lifetime	lung cancer compares to	Next?	
About 770 people could get lung cancer	110 times the risk of dying in a car crash	Fix your home	
About 380 people could get lung cancer	95 times the risk of dying from poison	Fix your home	
About 260 people could get lung cancer	250 times the risk of drowning	Fix your home	
About 150 people could get lung cancer	200 times the risk of dying in a fire	Fix your home	
About 62 people could get lung cancer	5 times the risk of dying in a car crash	Fix your home	
About 32 people could get lung cancer	6 times the risk of dying from poison	Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L	
About 20 people could get lung cancer	(Average indoor radon level)	(Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult)	
About 3 people could get lung cancer	(Average outdoor radon level)	(Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult)	
	to this level over a lifetime About 770 people could get lung cancer About 380 people could get lung cancer About 260 people could get lung cancer About 150 people could get lung cancer About 62 people could get lung cancer About 32 people could get lung cancer About 20 people could get lung cancer	to this level over a lifetime About 770 people could get lung cancer About 380 people could get lung cancer About 260 people could get lung cancer About 150 people could get lung cancer About 62 people could get lung cancer About 32 people could get lung cancer About 20 people could get lung cancer About 32 people could get lung cancer	

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

RADON RISK IF YOU HAVE NEVER SMOKED

Radon	If 1,000 people were exposed	The risk of radon induced	What To Do		
Level	to this level over a lifetime	lung cancer compares to	Next?		
100 pCi/L	About 440 people could get lung cancer	63 times the risk of dying in a car crash	Fix your home		
40 pCi/L	About 120 people could get lung cancer	30 times the risk of dying from poison	Fix your home		
20 pCi/L	About 36 people could get lung cancer	35 times the risk of drowning	Fix your home		
10 pCi/L	About 18 people could get lung cancer	20 times the risk of dying in a fire	Fix your home		
4 pCi/L	About 7 people could get lung cancer	The risk of dying in a car crash	Fix your home		
2 pCi/L	About 4 people could get lung cancer	The risk of dying from poison	Consider fixing between 2 & 4 pCi/L		
1.3 pCi/L	About 2 people could get lung cancer	(Average indoor radon level)	(Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult)		
0.4 pCi/L		(Average outdoor radon level)	(Reducing below 1 pCi/L is difficult)		

Note: If you are a former smoker your risk may be higher

Estimates are lifetime risk of lung cancer deaths from EPA Assessment of Risks from Radon in Homes (EPA 402-R-03-003)

WHAT DO I DO NEXT?

	# of Times			What test do I use?
Type of Test	Tested	Test Result	What do I do next?	(If retesting)
Short Term	1	<2 pCi/L	Retest every 2-3 years	Short Term
(2-4 days)	1	2-4 pCi/L	Consider Retesting Now	Long Term or Short Term
	1	4-8 pCi/L	Retest Now	Long Term or Short Term
	1	>8 pCi/L	Retest Now	Short Term
Short Term	2 or More	<2 nCi/l	Test every 2-3 years	Short Term
(2-4 days)	2 or more	2-4 pCi/L	Consider Fixing the Home	Shore remi
		>4 pCi/L	Fix the Home	
Long Term	1 or More	<2 pCi/L	Test every 2-3 years	Short Term
(90-365 days)		2-4 pCi/L	Consider Fixing the Home	
		>4 pCi/L	Fix the Home	

HOW CAN I FIX A RADON PROBLEM?

If your radon level is at or above 4 pCi/L, you should fix your home. If your radon level is between 2 pCi/L and 4 pCi/L, you may wish to fix your home. For most homes, radon levels can be lowered to 2 pCi/L or lower.

We recommend only hiring contractors who are certified and trained in radon mitigation. To find a certified contractor you can:

Call your State Radon Contact at **(800) 523-4439** or go to <u>DrHomeAir.com/States</u>
Go to <u>DrHomeAir.com/Mitigation</u> for a list of NRPP/NRSB certified contractors